Appendix 'A'

Aims and Programme of the Nikhil Banga Krishak Praja Samity:

Aims and Objects:

- 1. Full responsible Government for India with adequate and effective safeguards of Mussalmans, and with end in view work for the immediate replacement of the present Provincial Constitution and the proposed Central Constitution by a democratic full self-government.
- 2. To protect and advance the political and religious and other rights and interests of the Indian Mussalmans.
- 3. To promote friendship and union between the Mussalmans and other Communities of India.
- 4. To maintain and strengthen brotherly relations between the Mussalmans of India and those of other countries.
- 5. Abolition of the present zamindary system (Permanent Settlement) which is highly detrimental to the interests of the people at large by legal and constitutional means.

Programme:

- 1. To protect the religious rights of the Mussalmans. In all matters of purely religious character, due weight shall be given to the opinions of Jamait-ul-Ulema Hind and the Mujahids.
- 2. To make every effort to secure the repeal of all repressive laws e.g. the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, the Public Security Act etc.
- 3. To resist all measures which are detrimental to the interest of Bengal and of India, which encroach on the fundamental liberties of the people and lead to economic exploitation of the country.
- 4. To reduce heavy cost of the provincial administrative machinery and allocate substantial funds for the nation building departments.
- 5. To encourage development of industries, including cottage industries through (a) immediate steps for the fixing of a minimum price for jute, (b) the organization of marketing and sale of local commodities on a provincial scale, (c) the adoption of Indian products to be used for all Government purposes and (d) the provision of loans, against the security of the Government for the expansion of large-scale and heavy industries.
- 6. To regulate currency, exchange and prices in the interest of the economic development of the country.
- 7. To stand for the social, educational and economic uplift of the rural population e.g. state provision and control of public utilities and social welfare services.

- 8. To sponsor measures for the relief of agricultural indebtedness by raising loans, if necessary.
- 9. To make elementary education free and compulsory immediately without the imposition of any fresh tax or cess on the tenantry.
- 10. To protect and promote Urdu language and script, but with proper safeguards for the development of the vernacular.
- To devise measures for the amelioration of the general conditions of the Mussalmans specially of Bengal.
- 12. To take steps to reduce the heavy burden of taxation, particularly on the poor.
- 13. To create a healthy public opinion and general political consciousness throughout the country.
- 14. Thorough overhauling of the Bengal Tenancy Act in the interest of the agriculturists ensuring the vesting of proprietory rights in the tillers of soil and including.
 - (i) The abolition of the Zamindar's right of 'nazar' and 'Salam/ right of pre-emption.
 - (ii) Tenants right of mutation of name without additional payment.
 - (iii) Reduction of rate of rent.
- 15. To take adequate and effective measures against illegal exactions by the Zamindars, moneylenders and their representatives.
- 16. To take steps for securing from the Government of India the entire amount realized on account of the duty on jute, and to earmark the amount for expenditure on the improvement of agriculture and rural sanitation.
- 17. To adopt measures for the improvement of agriculture and cattle.
- 18. To provide for adequate water supply in villages.
- 19. To resuscitate the dead and dying rivers of Bengal.
- 20. To take steps for the adequate representation of Muslims and the scheduled castes in the services with a view to ensuring justice to all the Communities.
- 21. To devise ways and means for the solution of the unemployment problem.
- 22. To introduce measures for the amelioration of the condition of labourers by the provisions of minimum wages, and control of the condition of sanitation and housing.

Source: The Amrita Bazar Patrika, 10th September, 1936.

Appendix 'B'

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Alphabetical List of Members

[Elected in the General Election of 1937, held under the Act of 1935]

A

Abdul Aziz, Maulana Md. (Narayanganj East—Muhammadan)

Abdul Bari, Maulvi (Berhampore—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hafeez, Khan Bahadur Syed (Dacca Central—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hafiz, Mr. Mirza (Tangail West—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hafiz Mia, Mr. (Kurigram South'—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hakeem, Mr. (Khulna—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hakim, Maulvi (Mymensingh West—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hakim, Vikrampuri, Maulvi Md. (Munshiganj—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hamid, Mr. A.M. (Pabna West—Muhammadan)

Abdul Hamid Shah, Maulvi (Kishoreganj North—Muhammadan)

Abdul Jabbar, Maulvi (Dinajpur Central East- Muhammadan)

Abdul Jabbar Palwan, Mr. Md. (Jamalpur North—Muhammadan)

Abdul Kader, Mr. (Patuakhali South—Muhammadan)

Abdul Karim, Mr. (Jamalpur cum Muktagacha—Muhammadan)

Abdul Latif Biswas, Maulvi (Manikganj West—Muhammadan)

Abdul Majid, Maulvi (Mymensingh North—Muhammadan)

Abdul Majid, Mr. Syed (Noakhali South—Muhammadan)

Abdul Wahab Khan, Maulvi (Bakarganj West—Muhammadan)

Abdul Wahed, Maulvi (Mymensingh East—Muhammadan)

Abdulla-Al Mahmood, Mr. (Serajganj North—Muhammadan)

Abdur Rahaman, Khan Bahadur, A.F.M. (24-Parganas North East—Muhammadan)

Abdur Rahaman, Siddiqu, Mr. (Muslim Chamber of Commerce)

Abdur Rasheed, Maulvi Md. (Birbhum—Muhammadan)

Abdur Raschid Mahmood, Mr. (Serajganj North—Muhammadan)

Abdur Rauf, Khan Sahib Maulvi S. (Howrah—Muhammadan)

Abdur Rauf, Mr. Shah (Rangpur South—Muhammadan)

Abdur Razzak, Maulvi (Feni—Muhammadan)

Abdus Shaheed Maulvi Md. (Dacca North Central—Muhammadan)

Abidur Reza Chowdhury, Khan Bahadur (Chandpur West— Muhammadan)

Abu Hossain Sarkar, Maulvi (Gaibandha North—Muhammadan)

AbulFazl, Mr Muhammadan (Madaripur West—Muhammadan)

Abul Hashim, Maulvi (Burdwan—Muhammadan)

Abul Hosain, Mr. Ahmed (Netrokona North—Muhammadan)

Abul Quasem, Maulvi (Hooghly—Muhammadan)

Acharyya Choudhury, Maharaja Sashi Kanta, of Muktagacha, Mymensingh (Dacca Landholders)

Aftab Ali, Mr. (Water Transport Trade Union)

Aftab Hossain Joardar, Maulvi (Nadia East—Muhammadan)

Ahmed Ali, Khan Sahib Maulana, Enayetpuri (Jhenidah— Muhammadan)

Ahmed Ali Mridha, Maulvi (Goalundo—Muhammadan)

Ahmed Hosain, Mr. (Gaibandha South—Muhammadan)

Ahmed Khan, Mr. Syed (Noakhali South—Muhammadan)

Alfazuddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur (Midnapore—Muhammadan)

Aminullah, Maulvi (Noakhali Central—Muhammadan)

Amir Ali, Md. Mia (Rajshahi South—Muhammadan)

Anderson, Mr. J.P. (Calcutta and Suburbs European)

Anwarul Azim, Khan Bahadur, Md. (Chittagong South— Muhammadan)

Armstrong, Mr. W.L. (Burdwan Division—European)

Ashraf Ali, Mr. M. (Natore—Muhammadan)

Asimuddin Ahmed, Mr. (Tippera Central—Muhammadan)

Aulad Hossain Khan, Maulvi (Manikganj East—Muhammadan)

Azahar Ali, Maulvi (Pabna East—Muhammadan)

Azizul Haque, the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur M., C.I.E. (Nadia West—Muhammadan)

В

Bannerjee, Dr. Suresh Chandra (Calcutta and Suburbs—Registered Factories)

Banerji, Mr. P. (24-Parganas North-West—General)

Banerjee, Mr. Pramatha Nath (Burdwan North-West—General)

Banerjee, Sibnath (Howrah—Registered Factories)

Banerji, Mr. Satya Priya (Rajshahi—General)

Bannerjee, Mr. Manoranjan (Dacca East—General)

Bannerman, Mr. H.C. (Indian Tea Association)

Barat Ali, Mr. Mohammad (Serajganj Central—Muhammadan)

Barma, Babu Premhari (Dinajpur— General)

Barma, Mr. Puspajit (Rangpur—General)

Barman, Babu Shyama Prasad (Dinajpore—General)

Barman, Babu Upendra Nath (Jalpaiguri cum Siliguri—General)

Basu, Mr. Jatindra Nath (Calcutta North—General)

Basu, Mr. Santosh Kumar (Calcutta East—General)

Bell-Hart, Miss P. B. (Anglo-Indian Constituency)

Bhawmik, Dr. Gobindra Chandra (Midnapore East—General) Biswas, Babu Lakskmi Narayan (Nadia—General)

Biswas, Mr. Rasik Lai (Jessore—General)

Biswas, Mr. Surendra Nath (Faridpur—General)

Blomenstok, Mr. L. M. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Bose, Mr. Sarat Chandra (Calcutta South—General)

Brasher, Mr. F. C. (Calcutta and Suburbs—European)

C

Campbell, Sir George (Calcutta and Suburbs—European)

Chakrabarty, Mr. Jatindra Nath (Rangpur—General)

Chakrabarty, Mr. Narendra Narayan (Bogra cum Pabna— General)

Chattopadhyay. Mr. Haripada (Nadia—General)

Chaudhuri, Rai Harendra Nath (Nadia— General)

Chippendale, Mr. J.W. (Anglo-Indian)

Crosfield, Mr. L.M. (Chittagong Division—European)

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D
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Das, Mr. Mahim Chandra (Chittagong-General)

Das, Mr. Radha Nath (Hooghly North-East—General)

Das, Mr. Anukul Chaudra(24-Parganas North-East—General)

Das, Mr. Kirit Bhusan (Murshidabad—General)

Das, Mr. Monomohan (Mymensingh East—General)

Das, Mr. Debendra Nath (Birbhum—General)

Das Gupta, Mr. Khagendra Nath (Jalpaiguri cum Siliguri— General)

Das Gupta, Dr. J. M. (Calcutta Central—General)

Das Gupta, Sj. Narendra Nath(Bakarganj South-West—General)

Datta, Mr. Dhirendra Nath(Tippera—General)

Dolui, Mr. Harendra (Jhargram cum Ghatal—General)

Dutt, Mr. Sukumar(Hooghly South-West—General)

Dutta Gupta, Miss Mira (Calcutta—General—Women)

Dutta Mazumdar, Mr. Niharendu (Barrackpore—Registered Factories)

\mathbf{E}

Edbar, Mr. Upendranath (Bakarganj South-West—General) Emoadul Haque, Kazi (Kurigram North—Muhammadan)

\mathbf{F}

Farhad Raza Chowdhury, Mr. M. (Jangipur—Muhammadan)

Farhut BanoKhanarn, Begum (Dacca— Muhammadan--Women)

Fazlul Huq the Hon'ble Mr. A. K. (Patuakhali North—Muhammadan)

Fazlul Quadir, Khan Bahadur Maulvi (Chittagong North-West— Muhammadan)

Fazlur Rahman, Mr. (Jamalpur East—Muhammadan)

Fazlur Rahman, Mr. (Dacca University)

Ferguson, Mr. R. H. (Rajshahi Division—European)

G

Ghose, Babu Atul Krishna (Jessore—General)

Giasuddin Ahmed, Mr. (Jamalpur West—Muhammadan)

Golam Sarwar Hosaini, Mr. Shah Syed (Ramganj cum Raipur—Muhammadan)

Gomes, Mr. S. A. (Dacca Division—Indian Christian)

Goswami, Mr. Tulsi Chandra (Burdwan Division North Municipal-General)

Griffiths, Mr. C. (Anglo-Indian)

Gupta, Mr. Jogesh Chandra (Calcutta South Central—General)

Gupta, Mr. J. N. (Railway—Trade Union—Labour)

Gurung, Mr. Damber Singh (Darjeeling—General)

Gyasuddin Ahmed Choudhury, Al-Hadj (Madaripur East— Muhammadan)

Η

Habibullah, the Hon'ble Nawab Bahadur K. of Dacca (Dacca Municipal—Muhammadan)

Hafizuddin Chowdhuri, Maulvi (Thakurgaon—Muhammadan)

Hamiduddin Ahmad, Khan Sahib (Kishoreganj East—Muhammadan)

Hamilton, Mr. K. A (Calcutta Trades Association)

Hasan Ali Chowdhury, Mr. Syed (Tangail North—Muhammadan) Hasanuzzaman, Maulvi Md. (Tippera South—-Muliammadan) Hashem Ali Khan, Khan Bahadur Maulvi (Bakarganj North— Muhammadan)

Hasina Murshed, M. B. E., Mrs. (Calcutta—Muhammadan— Women)

Hatemally Jamadar, Klian Sahib (Pirojpur South—Muhammadan)

Hawkings, Mr. R. J. (European—Calcutta & Suburbs)

Hirtzel, Mr. M. A. F. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Homan, Mr. F. T. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

I

Idris Ahmed Mia, Mr. (Malda South—Muhammadan)

Ispahaui, Mr. M. A. H. (Calcutta South—Muhammadan)

J

Jalaluddin Ahmad, Khan Bahadur Maulvi (Cox's Bazar—Muhammadan)

Jalaluddin Hashemy, Mr. Syed (Satkhira—Muhammadan)

Jalan, Mr. I. D. (General Constituency—Calcutta West)

Jasimuddin Ahmed, Mr. (24-Parganas, South—Muhammadan)

Jonab Ali Majumdar, Maulvi (Chandpur East—Muhammadan)

K

Kabiruddin Khan, Khan Sahib Maulvi (Netrokona South— Muhammadan)

KazemAli Mirza, Sahibzada Kawan Jah Syed (Murshidabad South—Muhammadan)

Kennedy, Mr. I.G. (Indian Jute Mills Association)

Khaitan, Mr. Debi Prosad (Indian Chamber of Commerce)

Khan, Mr. Debendra Lall (Midnapore Central—General)

Kumar, Mr. Atul Chandra (Malda—General)

Kundu, Mr. Nishitha Nath (Dinajpur—General)

\mathbf{M}

MacGregor, Mr. G. G. (Indian Tea Association)

Mafizuddin Ahmed, Dr. (Bogra North—Muhammadan)

Mafizuddin Ahmed, Maulvi (Tippera North—Muhammadan)

Mafizuddin Choudhury, Maulvi (Balurghat—Muhammadan)

Maguire, Mr. L.T. (Anglo-Indian)

Mahtab, Maharajkumar Uday Chand (Burdwan Central—General)

Mahatabuddin Ahmed, Khan Bahadur (Dinajpur Central West —Muhammadan)

Maiti, Mr. Nikunja Behari (Midnapore South-East—General)

Maitra, Mr. Surendra Mohan (North Bengal Municipal—General)

Maji, Mr. Adwaita Kumar (Burdwan Central—General)

Majumdar, Mrs. Hemaprova (Dacca—General Women)

Mazumdar, Mr. Birendra Nath (East Bengal Municipal—General)

Mal, Mr. Iswar Chandra (Midnapore South-West—General)

Mandal, Mr. Amrita Lal (Mymensingh West—General)

Mandal, Mr. Banku Bahari (Burdwan North-West—General)

Mandal, Mr. Birat Chandra (Faridpur—General)

Mandal, Mr. Jagat Chandra (Tippera—General)

Mandal, Mr. Jogendra Nath (Bakarganj North-East—General)

Mandal, Mr. Krishna Prasad (Midnapore Central—General)

Maniruddin Akhand, Maulvi (Rajshahi North—Muhammadan)

Maniruzzaman Islamabadi, Maulana Md. (Chittagong South- Central—Muhammadan)

Maqbul Hosain, Mr. (Tippera North-East—Muhammadan)

Masud Ali Khan Panni, Maulvi (Tangail South—Muhammadan)

Millar, Mr. C. (Calcutta and Suburbs—Muhammadan)

Mohammed Ali, Khan Bahadur (Bogra West—Muhammadan)

Mohsin Ali, Mr. Md. (Meherpur— Muhammadan)

Mookerjee, Mr. Syamaprasad (Calcutta University)

Morgan, Mr. G., C.I.E. (Presidency Division—European)

Moslem Ali Mollah Maulvi (Rajshahi Central—Muhammadan)

Mozammel Huq, Maulvi Md. (Bhola North—Muhammadan)

Muhammad Afzal, Khan Sahib Maulvi Syed (Pirojpur North— Muhammadan)

Muhammad Ibrahim, Maulvi (Noakhali North—Muhammadan)

Muhammad Ishaque, Maulvi (Bogra South—Muhammadan)

Muhammad Israil, Maulvi (Kishoreganj South—Muhammadan)

Muhammad Siddique, Dr. Syed (Bankura—Muhammadan)

Muhammad Solaiman, Khan Sahib Maulvi (Barrackpore Municipal—Muhammadan)

Mukerji, Mr. Dhirendra Narayan (Hooghly North-East)

Mukherjee, Mr. B. (Colliery—Coal Mines—Labour)

Mukherji, Dr. H. C. (Calcutta cum Presidency Division—Indian Christian)

Mukherji, Dr. Sarat Chandra (Birbhum—General)

Muilick, the Han'ble Mr. Mukunda Behari (Khulna—General)

Muilick, Mr. Pulin Behary (Howrah—General)

Muilick, Srijut Ashutosh (Bankura West—General)

Musharruff Hossain, the Hon'ble Nawab, Khan Bahadur (Jalpaiguri cum Darjeeling—Muhammadan)

Mustagawsal Haque, Mr. Syed (Bagerhat—Muhammadan)

Mustufa Ali Dewan Sahib, Mr. (Brahmanbaria North—Muhammadan)

Ν

Nandy, the Hon'ble Maharaja Sris Chandra of Cossimbazar (Presidency Landholders)

Nasaruilah, Nawabzada K. (Brahmanbaria South—Muhammadan)

Naskar, Mr. Hem Chandra (24-Parganas South-East—General)

NausherAli, Mr. Syed (Jessore Sadar— Muhammadan)

Nazimuddin, the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir, K.C.I.E. (Calcutta North —Muhammadan)

Nooruddin, Mr. K. (Hooghly cum Howrah Municipal—Muhammadan)

Norton, Mr. H. R. (Calcutta Trades Association)

P

Pain, Mr. Barada Prosanna (Hooghly cum Howrah Municipal— General)

Patton, Mr. W. C. (Darjeeling—European)

Paul, Sir Hari Sankar (Bengal National Chamber of Commerce)

Pramanik, Mr. Tarinicharan (Malda—General)

R

Rahman, Khan Bahadur A. M. L. (Rajshahi Central— Muhammadan)

Raikut, The Hon'ble Mr. Prasanna Deb (Jalpaiguri cum Siliguri— General)

Rajibuddin Tarafdar, Maulvi (Bogra East—Muhammadan)

Ramizuddin Ahmed, Mr. (Tippera West—Muhammadan)

Ray Choudhury, Mr. Birendra Kishore, (Mymensingh East —General)

Razaur Rahaman Khan, Mr. (Dacca South Central—Muhammadan)

Roy, Babu Patiram (Khulna—General)

Roy, the Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh (Burdwan Landholders)

Roy, Kumar Shib Shekhareswar (Rajshahi Landholders)

Roy, Mr. Charu Chandra (Mymensingh West—General)

Roy, Mr. Dhananjoy (Dacca East—General)

Roy, Mr. Kamalkrishna (Bankura East—General)

Roy, Mr. Kiran Sankar (Dacca West—General)

Roy, Mr. Kishori Pati (Jhargram cum Ghatal—General)

Roy, Mr. Manmatha Nath (Howrah—General)

Roy, Rai Bahadur Kshirod Chandra (Chittagong Landholders)

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S
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Sadaruddin Ahmed, Mr. (Bakarganj South—Muhammadan)

Safiruddin Ahmed, Haji (Rangpur North—Muhammadan)

Salim, Mr. S. A. (Narayanganj North—Muhammadan)

Sanaullah, Al-Haj Maulana Dr. (Chittagong North-East— Muhammadan)

Sanyal, Dr. Nalinaksha (Presidency Division Municipal—General)

Sanyal, Mr. Sasanka Sekhar (Murshidabad—General)

Sarkar, Babu Madhusudan (Bogra cum Pabna—General)

Sarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Nalini Ranjan (Bengal National Chamber of Commerce)

Sassoon, Mr. R. M. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Sen, Babu Nagendra Nath (Khulna—General)

Sen, Rai Bahadur Jogesh Chandra (24-Parganas South-East— General)

Serajul, Islam, Mr. (Bongaon—Muhammadan)

Shahabuddin, Mr. Khawaja, C. B. E. (Narayanganj South— Muhammadan)

Shahedali, Mr. (Matlabazar— Muhammadan)

Shamsuddin Ahmed, Khandkar, Mr. (Gopalganj—Muhammadan)

Shamsuddin Ahmed, Mr. M. (Kusthia—-Muhammadan)

Shamsul Huda, Maulana (Mymensingh South—Muhammadan)

Singha, Babu Kshetra Nath (Rangpur—General)

Sinha, Srijut Manindra Bhusan (Bankura West—General)

Sirdar, Babu Litta Munda (Bengal Dooars (Western) Tea Garden, Labour)

Steven, Mr. J. W. R. (Dacca—European)

Suhrawardy, the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. (24-Parganas Municipal—Muhammadan)

Sur, Mr. Harendra Kumar (Noakhali—General)

\mathbf{T}

Tamizuddin Khan, Maulvi (Faridpore West—Muhammadan)

Tapuriah, Rai Bahadur Moongru Lall (Marwari Association)

Thakur, Mr. Promatha Ranjan (Faridpur—General)

Tofel Ahmed Choudhury, Maulvi Haji (Bhola South—Muhammadan)

W

Waliur Rahman, Maulvi (Jessore East—Muhammadan)

Walker, Mr. J. R. (Hooghly cum Howrah—European)

Walkar, Mr. W. A. M. (Indian Jute Mills Association)

Warren, Mr. P. F. S. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Whitehead, Mr. R. B. (Indian Mining Association)

Wordsworth, Mr. W. C. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Y

Yusuf Ali Choudhury, Mr. (Faridpur East—Muhammadan)

Yusuf Mirza, Mr. (24-Parganas Central—Muhammadan)

\mathbf{Z}

Zahur Ahmed Choudhury, Maulvi (Malda North—Muhammadan)

Zaman, Mr. A. M. A. (Hooghly cum Serampore—Registered Factories, Labour)

(Source: Gautam Chattopadhyay, Bengal Electoral Politics and Freedom Struggle 1862-1947, pp. 224-232.

Appendix 'C'
Voting Pattern on Tenancy Bill, 1937

	1	2	3	4
	Muhammadan	General	Organisations, Landholders and Labour	European and Anglo-Indian
Total	119	80	20	31

MOTIONS						
Anti-landlord	1	18	37	4	0	
Pro-landlord	1	72	11	5	12	
Pro-raiyat	2	19	46	2	1	
	3	17	36	3	1	
	4	19	33	3	0	
Anti-raiyat	2	73	21	8	13	
	3	78	22	4	9	
	4	69	15	3	11	
Pro-underraiyat	5	29	37	6	0	
Anti-underraiyat	5	65	13	5	4	
Anti-noncultivating raiyat	6	0	3	5	26	
Pro-noncultivating raiyat	6	101	61	11	1	
Anti-government	7	1	19	5	3	
Pro-government	7	83	2	5	19	

Source: *Bengal Legislative Assembly Proceedings*, 2nd session (1937), Vol. 51, Nos. 3-4.

Appendix 'D'

Number of Appointments of Muslims made in the various Branches of Government Services during the Year 1937-1938

Service	Number of appointments made	Number of Muslims appointed	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
Bengal Senior Educational Service (Men's Branch)	3	1	
Bengal Educational Service (Men's Branch)	13	10	
Bengal General Service Subordinate Educational Service	2	Nil	
Lecturers, Demonstrators	8	6	
Assistant Headmasters	3	1	
Sub-divisional Inspectors of Schools	2	2	
Assistant Masters	16	11	
Sub-Inspector of School	9	6	
Classical Teachers	2	Nil	
Vernacular Teachers	3	1	
Drawing and Drill Master	5	4	
Guru Training Pandits	1	Nil	
Miscellaneous Appointments	7	3	
Clerical Appointments	14	12	

Source: Bengal Legislative Assembly Proceedings, 1938, Vol. LII, No.5, p. 321.

Appendix 'E'

Resolution of the Muslim League at Lahore, 24 March, 1940:

- While approving and endorsing the action taken by the Council and the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, as indicated in their resolutions dated the 27th of August. 17th and 18th of September and 22nd of October 1939, and 3rd of February 1940 on the constitutional issue, this session of the All-India Muslim League emphatically reiterates that the scheme of Federation embodied in the Government of India Act, 1935 is totally unsuited to and unworkable in the peculiar conditions of this country and is altogether unacceptable to Muslim India.
- 2. It further records its emphatic view that while the declaration dated the 18th of October 1933 made by the Viceroy on behalf of His Majesty's Government is reassuring in so far as it declares that the policy and plan on which the government of India Act 1935, is based will be reconsidered in consultation with the various parties, interests and communities in India. Muslim India will not be satisfied unless the whole constitutional plan is reconsidered de novo and that no revised plan would be acceptable to the Muslims unless it is framed with their approval and consent.
- Resolved that it is the considered view of this session of the All-India Muslim league that a constitutional plan would be workable in the country if ...that constitutional plan would be workable in the country if acceptable to the Muslims unless it is designed on the following basic principle, viz, that geographically contiguous units are demarcated into territorial readjustments as may be necessary that the areas in which the Muslims are numerically in a majority, as in the northwestern and eastern zones of India, should be grouped to constitute independent states in which the constituent units shall be autonomous and sovereign: that adequate, effective and mandatory safeguards should be specifically provided in the constitution for minorities in the units and in the regions for the protection of their religious, cultural, economic, political, administrative and other rights and interests in consultation with them and in other parts of India where the Muslims are in a minority adequate, effective and mandatory safeguards shall be specifically provided in the constitution for them and other minorities for the protection of their religious, cultural, economic, political, administrative and other rights and interests in consultation with them.

This session further authorizes the Working Committee to frame a scheme of constitution in accordance with these basic principles, providing for the assumption finally by the respective regions of all powers such as defence, external affairs, communications, customs and such other matters as may be necessary.

Source: File No. F. 163/40-R, National Archives of India, New Delhi.

Appendix 'F'

Extracts from a Letter of Fazlul Huq written to the Bengal Governor, John Herbert, dated 2 August 1942

At a time when the implications of the Congress Resolution have filled all our hearts with the deepest anxiety for the future of India, I feel unfortunately compelled to write this letter to Your Excellency. I wish I could avoid this correspondence. But circumstances have left me no other alternative, and it pains me much to have to say very bluntly that you have contributed not a little to the creation of the situation which has forced me to take this unpleasant step. You are the Governor of the Province and I am your Chief Minister and your principal adviser. Our mutual relations impose on both of us reciprocal duties and obligations, and I can never shirk the responsibility of intervening by means of friendly, but frank, advice whenever I find you are treading the wrong path. If I allow things to drift, I will be failing in my duty to you and to the people of this Province. I am convinced that the time has come when I must speak to you quite openly what I feel in, order to avoid a constitutional crisis in Bengal. More than once have I sounded a note of caution and have told you that you have been following a policy which cannot but have the inevitable effect of practically suspending the constitution in Bengal, . . . As the head of the Cabinet I cannot possibly allow this attitude on your part to go unchallenged I am writing with the stern resolve to assert myself as the Chief Minister, and I can assure you that if it leads to a constitutional struggle between you as the Governor and me as the Chief Minister, I will not shirk from doing my duty regardless of consequences.

Broadly speaking, there are two classes of cases In the first category I will put that class of cases wherein I have detected your personal interference in almost every matter of administrative detail, including even those where your interference is definitely excluded by the Government of India Act. A little reflection will convince you how unwelcome must be such an interference, and how bitterly Ministers must resent impediments in the way of the exercise of the very limited powers which they possess under the Act. As it is, the Act is bad enough and is no better than a clever subterfuge by which the permanent officials have got all the powers but no responsibility, whereas the Ministers have all the responsibility and no powers. But the camouflage with which the Act abounds is so transparent that it is not difficult to detect that, beneath the pretentious device of Ministers functioning in a system of Provincial Autonomy, the real power is still vested in the permanent officials; the Ministers have been given a mockery of authority, and the steel frame of the Imperial Services still remains intact, dominating the entire administration, and casting sombre shadows over the activities of MinistersIn the second category I would put those classes of cases in which you have, directly or indirectly, encouraged sections of permanent officials to flout the authority of Ministers, leading them to ignore Ministers altogether, and to deal directly with you as if the Ministers did not exist

Let me now come to facts. As regards your personal interference in total disregard of Ministerial responsibilities, I will briefly refer to only a few. There is first

of all the case of your mandate to the Joint Secretary, Commerce and Labour Department, in April last in the matter of the rice removal policy. Here you acted as if the Government of India Act in Bengal had been suspended, and you were at the head of an administration under Section 93 of the Act. In a matter of such vital importance, affecting the question of the food-stuffs of the people, you should have called an emergent meeting of the Cabinet and discussed with your Ministers the best means of carrying out the wishes of the military authorities and of the Central Government. But you did nothing of the kind. You did not even send for the Minister in charge of the Department, although he was readily available, but you sent for the Joint Secretary instead. You gave him orders to take up the work of removal at once, without caring to find out the exact position regarding the excess of rice and paddy in different areas and the best means of removal and the cheapest method of carrying out the scheme. The Joint Secretary says that when he was arranging to carry out your orders, you grew impatient and gave him definite directions to arrange for the removal of excess rice from three districts within 24 hours. Even then you did not consult your Ministers, because presumably you thought you could not trust them. The result has been a dismal failure so far as this particular policy is concerned. The Joint Secretary in his haste and hurry to oblige you, advanced twenty lakhs of rupees to a nominee of a friend to begin the work, without any terms having been settled, or without any arrangements having been made for the safety of public money, At the present moment we are faced with a rice famine in Bengal mainly in consequence of an uncalled for interference on your part, and of hasty action on the part of the Joint Secretary. ...

Then I come to the boat removal policy. In this you have all along been acting under the advice and guidance of some permanent officials without taking your Ministers into confidence. You have even ignored one who happens to be not merely your Chief Minister but also the Minister in charge of the Home Department. You seem to have been consulting the Military authorities in secret and discussing plans with the permanent officials; The most outstanding instance of blunder which has been committed by the permanent officials, apparently with your knowledge and concurrence, has been the case of the prevention of boats from going out into the Bay of Bengal for the purpose of cultivation of lands in the various islands lying at the mouth of the Delta. ... It is enough for me to emphasize that the whole scheme was planned in consultation with the Military authorities and some permanent officials, without the knowledge not merely of the Cabinet but even of the Home Minister.

I will now say a few words about the manner in which you have all along resisted my efforts for the expansion of the Cabinet and the appointment of Parliamentary Secretaries. Whatever may be your powers under the Act, it is evident that as the Chief Minister I should have the final say in the matter of the composition of the Cabinet and in parliamentary appointments, But your attitude has been one of definite disregard of my wishes in these respects. You seem to have taken up this attitude, perhaps in the forlorn hope of getting' Sir Nazimuddin and his group into the Cabinet. . . .

During the last few days I have discovered that orders have been passed by Secretaries either on their own responsibility or with your approval, explicit or implicit, by totally ignoring the Ministers. For instance, orders have been passed that the Government of India should be requested to send back to Bengal all officers lent to them by the Bengal Government; orders have been passed that the powers exercisable by the Provincial Government under section 76(B) of the Defence of India Act and Rules be delegated to local officers, I was not consulted in these cases although they affect vital matters of policy. . . .

I now come to the class of cases in which permanent officials have acted in defiance of Ministers by completely ignoring their authority. Let me begin with the case of the outrages alleged to have been committed on women at Sanoa in the district of Noakhali. There was a Deputy Collector at Feni who happened to be the Additional Subdivisional Officer at the time, who had sent a telegram to the District Magistrate apprising him of what had occurred and asking for instructions how to proceed. This action on the part of the Deputy Collector was resented by some of the officials, presumably because they thought that the telegram might be a very important piece of evidence against the guilty persons. This officer who had only tried to do his duty, was transferred from Feni, by a telegram, at the bidding of the local officials, by the Chief Secretary. And the Chief Secretary passed orders without consulting me who happened to be the Chief Minister and the Home Minister! I came to know of this transfer several days after it had taken place when I went to Feni to find out what the facts of the alleged outrage actually were. . . .

May I in this connection remind you that when you came to know of my programme to visit Feni, you advised me not to go because you thought that my visit would embarrass the local officials? I explained to you that I had no intention of embarrassing anybody, but I considered it my duty to pay a visit to an area where the people seemed to be so much distressed. When I went there I found that practically all the officials of the Chittagong Division had gathered at Feni with a view to prevent my visit to the place of occurrence. The Commissioner of the Division plainly told me that he had received a telephonic message from your Secretary asking him to persuade me to abandon my visit. I did not go to the village because I did not want to quarrel with the officials but met relations of most of the women said to have been outraged and the relations of their deceased husbands. I had also certain documents brought up to me which left no doubt in my mind as to what happened. The reasons for the telegraphic transfer of the Deputy Collector, and for the anxiety shown by you and the local officials to prevent my visit to the locality are abundantly clear. . . .

You should act as the constitutional Governor and not as the mouthpiece of permanent officials, or of any political party. In other words, you should allow Provincial Autonomy to function honestly rather than as a cloak for the exercise of autocratic powers as if the Province was being governed under section 93 of the Act.

Source: Bengal Legislative Assembly Proceedings, 5 July 1943, Vol. LXV, pp. 46-54.

Appendix 'G'

Letter of A. K. Fazlul Huq, 2 February, 1943 addressed to The Statesman:

In his weekly contributions to the columns of your journal 'Shahed' under the caption 'Dar-el-Islam' lately made the astounding remark that I and my party in Bengal have been carrying on agitation against the Pakistan scheme of the Muslim League.

It is a most atrocious lie and part of the programme of vilifications carried on by the so-called Muslim Leaguers in order to rouse Muslim feelings against me throughout India. Ever since I moved the Pakistan resolution at the open session of the Muslim League at Lahore on March 24, 1940, I have most scrupulously avoided making any observations against the Pakistan scheme. I have realized ever since, that confusion has been made worse confounded by theorists who have from time to time expounded most fantastic ideas about the Pakistan scheme. But I challenge anyone to quote a single word, either in any of my speeches or statements, which may be interpreted as my opposition to the Pakistan idea as such.

On many occasions I felt that the Muslims of Bengal were being misled by false ideas as to the scheme itself, 'but I have intentionally kept silent, because I thought my comments may be misunderstood. I desire to state categorically that I have never said anything against Pakistan far less doing anything, which may be interpreted as hostility towards the Idea of Pakistan. The remarks of 'Shahed' in 'Derel-Islam' are most mean and mischievous, and have been made without the slightest regard for truth. I write to contradict the atrocious statement that he has made, and if he has regard for truth, he will, I hope, openly acknowledge that he had no justification for his remarks.

I want to make one comment regarding recent utterances about this scheme. Let me quote from the resolution itself: "Resolved that it is the considered view of this session of the All-India Muslim League that geographically contiguous units are demarcated into regions which should be so constituted, with such territorial readjustments as may be necessary, that the areas in which the Muslims are numerically in a majority as in the North-Western and Eastern zones of India should be grouped to constitute "independent states, in which the constituent units shall be autonomous and sovereign/" We have to remember that the 3 provinces geographically adjacent to Bengal are Assam, Bihar and Orissa. In Assam, the Muslims are only 35%; in Bihar, 10%; and in Orissa barely 4%.

It is, therefore, evident that Bengal, as constituted, cannot form autonomous states with the geographically adjacent provinces. If, however, Bengal has got to be divided into two, the result will be that the Eastern zone which will be a predominantly Muslim area will be surrounded by 4 Provinces in which Hindus will be in a majority. It is, therefore, no use hoodwinking the Muslims of Bengal that the formula which may hold good in the Punjab will

also hold good in Bengal. At the same time, Bengal Muslims realize that they have got to fall into line with the rest of India.

We depend upon the Quad-i-Azam to modify the Pakistan idea so as to enable the Muslims of Bengal also to assert their self-determination along with the Muslims of other provinces and also members of other communities in all the provinces.

Meanwhile, let me once more assure Mr. Shahed of 'Dar-el-Islam' that, far from organizing and continuing any agitation against the Pakistan idea, I have done nothing either by thought, word, or deed to deserve the atrocious remarks that he had made about me.

Source: The Statesman, 3 February, 1943.

Appendix 'H'

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Alphabetical List of Members

[Elected in the General Election, 1946]

A

Abdul Ahad, Dr. (Satkhira)

*Abdul Aziz, Maulana Md. (Narayangani East)

Abdul Aziz Munshi, Mr. (Madaripur East)

Abdul Hafiz, Mr. Mirza (Tangail West)

Abdul Hai, Maulana (Noakhali South)

Abdul Hakim Mia, Mr. (Noakhali West)

Abdul Hakim Vikrampuri, Mr. Md. (Munshiganj)

Abdul Halim, Mr. Molla Mohammad. (Nadia West)

Abdul Hamid, Mr. (Rajshahi South)

Abdul Hamid, Mr. A.M. (Pabna West)

Abdul Hannan, Mr. (Meherpur)

*Abdul Karim, Mr. (Jamalpur North)

*Abdul Khaliq, Maulvi (Dacca South Central)

Abdul Mannan, Mr. Fakir (Dacca North Central)

Abdul Momin, Mr. (Tippera Central)

Abdullahel Baque, Maulana Md. (Dinajpur Central East)

Abdur Rahman, The Hon'ble Mr. A.F.M. (24-Parganas North- East)

Abdur Rahman Khan (alias Nuru Mia), Mr. (Patuakhali North)

Abdur Raschid Mahmood, Mr. (Serajgunge South)

Abdur Rashid Khondkar, Maulana (Sarajgunge Central)

Abdur Rauf Mr. Syed (Jessore East)

Abdus Sabur Khan, Mr. (Khulna)

Abdus Salam, Mr. Md. (Matlabazar)

Abidur Reza Choudhury, Maulvi (Chandpur West)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

Abul Hashem, Mr. (Burdwan)

Abul Kalam Shamsuddin, Mr. (Mymensingh West)

Abul Masud, Mr. Kazi (Nator)

Abul Quasem, Mr. (Hooghly)

Acharjee, Mr. Shitangshu Kanta (Dacca Landholders)

Adhikari, Mr. Amulya Chandra (Mymensingh East)

Ahammad Ali Mir, Mr. (Jamalpur-cum-Muktagacha)

Ahmed Ali Mridha, Mr. (Gualundo)

Ahmed Hosain, The Hon'ble Mr. (Gaibandha South)

Ahmed Kabir Chowdhury, Mr. (Chittagong South)

Akbar Ali, Maulvi (Netrokona North)

Ali Ahmed Chowdhury, Mr. (Chittagong South Central)

Ali Ahmed Khan, Mr. (Brahmanbaria South)

Anwara Khatun, Mrs. (Dacca—Muhammadan)

ArifF Chaudhury (alias Dhanu Mia), Mr. Md. (Bakargunge North)

Asan Ali Muktear, Mr. (Netrokona South)

Aulad Hossain Khan, Mr. (Manikganj East)

Azizur Rahman, Mr. Syed (Bhola South)

В

Badiuzzaman Muhammad Ilias, Mr. (Bogra East)

Bafatuddin Talukdar, Mr. A.K.M. (Jamalpur West)

Bandopadhaya, Mr. Pramatha Nath (Midnapur South West)

Banerjee, Mr. Gobindalal (Khulna)

Banerjee, Mr. Sibnath (Howrah—Registered Factories)

Banerjee, Mr. Susil Kumar (Howrah)

Banerji, Dr. Suresh Chandra (Calcutta & Suburbs—Registered Factories)

Barman, Mr. Haran Chandra (Bogra-cum-Pubna)

Barman, Mr. Mohini Mohan (Jalpaiguri-cum-Siliguri)

Barury, The Hon'ble Mr. Dwarka Nath (Faridpur)

Basu, Mr. Hemanta Kumar (Calcutta North)

Basu, Mr. Jyoti (Railway Trade Union)

Bhandari, Mr. Charu Chandra (24-Parganas North West)

Bhattacharjee, Mr. Ganendra Chandra (Dacca East)

Bhattacharjee, Mr. MunindraNath (Dacca West)

Bhattacharyya, Mr. Shyamapada (Murshidabad)

Birsha, Mr. Bir (Malda)

Biswas, Mr. Gayanath (Mymensingh West)

*Biswas, Dr. Bhola Nath(Jessore)

Bose, Mr. Satish Chandra (Calcutta South)

Brahmin, Mr. Ratanlal (Darjeeling Sadar)

C

Chakraborty, Mr. Benode Chandra (Mymensingh West)

Chakravarty, Mr. Satish Chandra (Presidency Division Municipal)

Chatterjee, Mr. Haripada (Nadia)

Chattopadhyaya, Mr. Mihir Lai (Birbhum)

Chowdhury, Mr. Annada Prosad (Jhargum-cum-Ghatal)

Corstorphine, Mr. E.E. (Indian Tea Association)

\mathbf{D}

Das, MissBina (Calcutta—General)

Das, Mr. Brojomadhab (Rangpur)

Das, Mr. Jogendra Chandra (Tippera)

Das, Mr. Radha Nath (Hooghly North-East)

Das Gupta, Mr. Khagendra Nath (Jalpaiguri-cum-Siliguri)

Das Gupta, Mr. Suresh Chandra (Bogra-cum-Pabna)

Dass, Mr. Kanailal (Burdwan Central)

Datta, Mr. Dhirendra Nath (Tippera)

De, Mr. Kanai Lai (Bankura West)

Dhar, Mr. Manoranjan (North Bengal Municipal)

Dolui, Mr. Harendra Nath (Jhargram-cum-Ghatal)

Duff, Mr. DJ. (Indian Jute Mills Association)

Dutta, Mr. Sukumar (Hooghly South-West)

Dutt-Mazumdar, Mr. Niharendu (Barrackpore—Registered Factories)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

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\mathbf{E}
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Ebrahim Khan, Maulvi (Tangail North)

Emaduddin Ahammad, Mr. (Rangpur South)

*Eskandar Ali Khan, Mr. (Madaripur West)

Emery, Mr. A.J. (Presidency Division European)

\mathbf{F}

Farid Ahmad Chowdhury, Mr. (Chittagong North-East)

Fazlul Huq, Mr. A.K. (Bakarganj South)

Fazlul Karim, Mr. (Ramganj-cum-Raipur)

Fazlul Qadir, Mr. (ChittagongNorth-West)

Fazlur Rahman (Dacca) The Hon'ble Mr. (Dacca University)

Fazlur Rahman (Mymensingh), Mr. (Jamalpur East)

Fazlur Rahman (Noakhali), Mr. (Noakhali North)

Fisk, Mr. F.W. (Calcutta Trades Association)

G

Ganguli, Mr. Bepin Behari (24-Parganas Municipal)

Gayen, Mr. Arabinda (Howrah)

Ghose, Mr. A.K. (Bengal National Chamber of Commerce)

Ghose, Mr. Bimal Comar (Bengal National Chamber of Commerce)

Vacant (Calcutta East)

Ghosh Chowdhury, Mr. Haran Chandra (Noakhali)

Gomes, Mr. D. (Calcutta-cum-Presidency Division)

Gomes, Mr. R.A. (Dacca Division)

Guha Roy, Dr. Protap Chandra (Faridpur)

Gupta, Mr. J.C. (Calcutta South Central)

Gupta, Mr. Monoranjan (Bakarganj North-East)

Gurung, Mr. Damber Singh (Darjeeling)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

Η

Habibul Huq, Mr. Syed (Kishoregani North)

Hafizuddin Chowdhuri, Mr. (Thakurgaon)

Haidar, Mr. Kuber Chand (Murshidabad)

*Hamiduddin Ahmed, Mr. (Kishoreganj East)

Hassan AH, Mr, (Dinajpur Central West)

Hatemally, Khan Sahib (Pirojpur South)

Haywood, Mr. R. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Hodge, Mr. H. Rowan (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Husan Ara Begum (Calcutta—Muhammadan)

Hutshison, Mr. E.A. (Calcutta & Suburbs)

Ι

Ilias Ali Mo 11a, Mr. (24-Parganas Central)

Ispahani, Mr. M.A.H. (Muslim Chamber of Commerce)

J

Jalan, Mr. Iswar Das (Calcutta West)

Jasimuddin Ahmed, Mr. (24-Parganas South)

Junabali Mia, Mr. (Chandpur East)

K

Kabir Ahmed Choudhury, Mr. (Cox's Bazar)

Kazem Ali Mirza, Shahibzada Kawan Jah Saiyid (Murshidabad South-West)

Khairat Hossain, Mr. (Nilphamari)

Khaitan, Mr. Debi Prosad (Indian Chamber of Commerce)

Khuda Buksh, Mr. Md. (Berhampore)

Khurram Khan Panee, Mr. (Tangail South)

Kundu, Mr. Nishitha Nath (Dinajpur)

L

Lahiri, Mr. Provas Chandra (Rajshahi)

Luke, Mr. H.A. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Lutfar Rahman, Mr. (Jessore Sadar)

Lutfar Rahman, Mr. Dewan (Pabna East)

^{*} Parliamentary Secretary

M

Mackinlay, Mr. G.M. (Indian Jute Mills Association)

Madar Bux, Mr. (Rajshahi Central)

*Mafizuddin Ahmed, Mr. (Tippera North)

Mahammad Afzal, Mr. Syed (Pirojpur North)

Mahammad Owais, Mr. (Rangpur North)

Mahammad Sayeed Mia, Mr. (Malda North)

Mahanty, Mr. Charu Chandra (Midnapore Central)

Mahtab, Sir Uday Chand, K.C.I.E., Maharajadhiraj Bahadur of Burdwan (Burdwan Landholders)

Maiti, Mr. Nikunja Behari (Burdwan Division North Municipal)

Majhi, Mr. Nishapati (Birbhum)

Majibar Rahman, Mr. (Noakhali Central)

Majumdar, Mr. Bhupati (Hooghly-cum-Howrah Municipality)

Mai, Mr. Iswar Chandra (Midnapore South-East)

* Malik, Dr. A.M. (Water Transport Trade Union)

Mallick, Mr. Ashutosh (Bankura West)

Mandal, Mr. Annadaprasad (Burdwan North-West)

Mandal, Mr. Bankubehari (Burdwan North-West)

Vacant (Bakarganj South-West)

Mandal, Mr. Krishna Prasad (Midnapore Central)

Maniruddin Akhand, Mr. (Rajshahi North)

Martuza Reza Chowdhury, Mr. (Jangipur)

*Masiuddin Ahmed (alias Raja Miah), Mr. (Manikganj West)

Mazharul Haque, Mr. Abu Taiyab (Dacca. Central)

Methold, Mr. J.H. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Mobarak Ali Ahmed, Mr. (Bogra North)

Mohammad Sharif Khan, Mr. (Hooghly-cum-Howrah Municipal)

Mohammad Ali, The Hon'ble Mr. (Bogra West)

Mookerjee, Dr. Syamaprasad (Calcutta University)

Morris, Mr. I.E., O.B.E. (Rajshahi Division)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

Mozzammel Hossain, Dr. Md. (Bagerhat)

Mudassir Hossain, Mr. (Birbhum)

Muhammad Habibullah Chaudhary, Mr. (Feni)

Muhammad Idris, Mr. (Howrah)

Muhammad Ishaque, Mr. (Bogra South)

Muhammad Israii, Mr. (Kishoreganj South)

Muhammad Quasem, Maulana Haji (Bakarganj West)

Muhammad Qumruddin, Mr. (Barrackpore Municipal)

Muhammad Rafique, Mr. (Calcutta North)

Muhammad Ruknuddin, Mr. (Brahmanbaria North)

Muhammad Siddique, Dr. Syed (Bankura)

Mukherji, Mr. Dhirendra Narayan (Hooghly North-East)

Mullick, Mr. Mukunda Behary (Khulna)

Murarka, Mr. Basantlal (Calcutta Central)

MusharrufF Hossain, Nawab, Khan Bahadur, (Jalpaiguri-cum- Darjeeling)

MuzafFar Rahman Choudhury, Mr. (Balurghat)

N

Nandy, Maharaja Sris Chandra of Cossimbazar (Presidency Division Landholders)

Najmul Huq, Mr. Md. (Malda South)

*Nasarulla, Mr. K. (Dacca Municipal)

Naskar, Mr. Ardhendu Sekhar (24-Parganas North-West)

Naskar, Mr. Hem Chandra (24-Parganas South-East)

Nawab Ali, Mr. (Tippera West)

Nawajesh Ahmed, Mr. (Nadia East)

Nazir Hossian Khandkar, Mr. (Kurigram South)

Nooruddin, Mr. K. (Calcutta South)

Nurazzaman, Mr. (Bhola North)

Nurul Amin, The Hon'ble Mr. (Mymensingh East)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

0

Osman Ali, Mr. (Narayanganj South)

Osman Gani, Mr. Md. (Serajganj North)

P

Paniruddin Ahmed, Mr. (Kurigram North)

Panja, Mr. Jadabendra Nath (Burdwan Central)

Parish, Mr. P.E.G.W. (Calcutta & Suburbs European)

Pentony, Mr. L.R. (Anglo-Indian)

Platel, Mr. R.E. (Anglo-Indian)

Poddar, Mr. Anandilal (Marwari Association)

Vacant (Burdwan Division European)

Pramanik, Mr. Puma Chandra (Nadia)

Pramanik, Mr. Rajani Kanta (Midnapore East)

R

Vacant (Jalpaiguri-cum-Siliguri)

Ray, Mr. Kamal Krishna (Bankura East)

Ray, The Hon'ble Mr. Nagendra Narayan (Rangpur)

Ray Barman, Mr. Rajani Kanta (Rangpur)

Ricketts, Mrs. E.M. (Anglo-Indian)

Roy, Mr. Dhananjoy (Dacca East)

Roy, Mr. Harendra Nath (Dinajpur)

Roy, Mr. Kiran Sankar (East Bengal Municipal)

Roy, Mr. Ram Hari (Malda)

Roy, Mr. Rup Narayan (Dinajpur)

\mathbf{S}

*Salim, Mr. S.A. (Narayanganj North)

Sarkar, Mr. Bijoy Krishna (Jessore)

Sarkar, Mr. Rajendra Nath (Khulna)

^{*}Parliamentary Secretary

Sarkar, Mr. Prafulla Ranjan (Mymensingh East)

Sen, Mrs. Ashalata (Dacca—General)

Sen, Mr. Debendra Nath (Colliery—Coal Mines)

Sen, Mr. Satindra Nath (Bakarganj South-East)

Sen, Gupta, Mrs. Nellie (Chittagong)

Serajal Haque, Mr. Syed(Tippera South)

Serajuddin Ahammad, Mr. (Midnapore)

Serajuddin Ahmed, Mr. (Gaibandha North)

Serajul Islam, Mr. (Bongaon)

Shamsuddin Ahmed, The Hon'ble Mr. (Kustia)

Shamsuddin Ahmed Chowdhury (alias Badsha Mia), Mr. (Faridpore East)

Shamsuddin Ahmed Khondkar, Mr. (Gopalganj)

Shamsuddin Sikdar, Mr. Md. (Patuakhali South)

Shamsul Huda, Maulana (Mymensingh South)

Sharfuddin Ahmad, Mr. (Mymensingh North)

Singhi, Mr. Narendra Singh (Rajshahi Landholders)

Sinha, Mr. Arun Chandra (Chittagong Landholders)

Sinha, Mr. Bimal Chandra (24 Parganas South-East)

Smyth-Osbourne, Mr. D.G. (Darjeeling)

Stark, Mr. A.F. (Calcutta and Suburbs)

Stokes, Mr. N. (Calcutta Trades Association)

Suhrawardy, The Hon'ble Mr. H.S. (24-Parganas Municipal)

\mathbf{T}

Tafazzal Ali, Mr. (Tippera North-East)

Taylor, Mr. A. WO.B.E. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Thakur, Mr. Pramatha Ranjan (Faridpore)

Todd, Mr. N.K. (Dacca Division—European)

Tofazzel Hossain, Mr. (Jhenidah)

\mathbf{W}

Wade, Mr. C.P.G. (Chittagong Division European)

Walker, Mr. J.R. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Whitehead, Mr. R.B. (Indian Mining Association)

Whithous, Mr. H.F. (Bengal Chamber of Commerce)

Wilkinson, Mr. G. (Hooghly-cum-Howrah)

Wilks, Mr. G.C.D. (Anglo-Indian)

Wordsworth, Mr. W.C., C.I.E. (Calcutta and Suburbs European)

\mathbf{Y}

Yusuf Hossain Chowdhury, Mr. (Faridpur West)

\mathbf{Z}

Zaman, Mr. A.M.A. (Hooghly-cum-Serampore—Registered Factories)

Source: Gautam Chattopadhyay, *Bengal Electoral Politics and Freedom Struggle* 1862-1947, pp. 232 – 240.